## DEVELOPMENT AID AND MIGRATION - WHAT DO WE KNOW?

In the research overview *Migration and development: the role for development aid*, Professor Robert E.B. Lucas synthesises existing research on the links between foreign aid and migration.

Official development assistance (ODA) is increasingly used in an attempt to contain international migration. But development assistance is a blunt instrument for this purpose.

A much-debated question is whether economic development in ODA receiving countries contributes to increasing or reducing emigration from these countries. Lucas notes that it is difficult to answer that question with any certainty. According to his overview, the studies most often cited as evidence that aid is a driver of emigration are outdated and may well be statistically flawed.

Also, recent studies suggest that, under the right conditions, development aid can be linked to lower emigration rates.

The composition of aid plays an important role in whether or not that aid drives emigration from the receiving country, according to recent analyses. A tertiary education is associated with higher levels of emigration, particularly to high-income countries. Whether this, in turn, results in a brain-drain or brain-gain for the home country is debatable. If basic and secondary levels of education are expanded, the employability of young people in the home country is improved, which tends to diminish departure.

Migration is also driven by conflict and fragility.
According to the OECD, more than 80 per cent of the world's poor could be living in fragile contexts by 2030. Lucas asserts that the focus should be on addressing the underlying causes of conflict. Today, less than 1 per cent of total ODA goes to reconstruction and disaster prevention, while 12 per cent goes to emergency responses.



The research overview in its entirety is available at www.eba.se



## THE AUTHOR

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